

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

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**PGIS-N 1020 B-15**

**M.A/M.Sc Ist Semester (CBCS) Degree Examination**

**Mathematics**

**(Algebra - I)**

**Paper - HCT 1.2**

**(New)**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 80

**Instructions to Candidates**

1. Answer any **five** full questions
  2. All questions carry **equal** marks.
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1. a) Prove that any subgroup of an infinite cyclic group is also infinite cyclic. Also prove that an infinite cyclic group has exactly two generators (8)
  - b) Show that every permutation  $\sigma \in S_n$ , where  $S_n$  is the symmetric group and it can be expressed as a product of disjoint cycles. (8)
  2. a) State and prove Cayley's theorem (8)
  - b) Derive the class equation for finite group. (8)
  3. a) Prove that a group  $G$  is solvable if and only if  $G = \langle e \rangle$  for some  $n \geq 1$  (8)
  - b) Show that a group of prime order is solvable. Also prove for a group  $G$  with  $K$  normal subgroup such that both  $K$  and  $G/K$  are solvable, then  $G$  is solvable. (8)
  4. Prove that every integral domain can be embedded in a field. (16)
  5. a) Let  $R$  be an Euclidean domain then show that for any  $a \in R$  which is not a unit can be expressed as a product of irreducible elements (8)
  - b) If  $R$  is commutative ring with unit element, then show that  $R[x]$  is also commutative ring. If  $R$  is an integral domain then prove that  $R[x]$  is also an integral domain. (8)

6. a) Show that if  $F$  is a field, then  $F[x]$  is a Euclidean domain (8)
- b) Let  $R$  be a unique factorisation domain. Then prove that the polynomial ring  $R[x]$  is a unique factorisation (8)
7. a) Prove that  $F(\alpha)$  has dimension  $n$  as a vector space over  $F$ . (8)
- b) Let  $K/F$  and  $L/K$  be algebraic extension then prove that  $L/F$  is an algebraic extension (8)
8. a) Let  $f(x) \in F[x]$  be of degree  $n$ . Then show that  $f(x)$  has a splitting field. (8)
- b) For a finite field  $F$  with  $P^n$  elements. Prove that  $F$  has a subfield  $F'$  with  $P^m$  elements if and only if  $m$  divides  $n$ . (8)
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